



**बस्तर विश्वविद्यालय, जगदलपुर (छ.ग.)**  
**BASTAR VISHWAVIDYALAYA, JAGDALPUR (C.G.)**

**SYLLABUS**  
**B.Sc. PART-II**  
**SESSION 2020-21**

**बस्तर विश्वविद्यालय, जगदलपुर (छ.ग.)**  
धरमपुरा, जगदलपुर, जिला-बस्तर (छ.ग.) 494001  
वेबसाईट [www.bvvjdp.ac.in](http://www.bvvjdp.ac.in) दूरभाष-07782-229037 फैक्स 229297

संशोधित पाठ्यक्रम  
बी.ए./बी.एस-सी./बी.कॉम./बी.एच.एस.-सी. भाग-दो,  
आधार पाठ्यक्रम  
प्रश्न पत्र-प्रथम  
हिन्दी भाषा

पूर्णांक- 75

खण्ड-क निम्नलिखित 5 लेखकों के पाठ शामिल होंगे -

अंक-35

1. महात्मा गांधी - चोरी और प्रायश्चित
2. आचार्य नरेन्द्र देव - युवकों का समाज में स्थान
3. वासुदेव भारण अग्रवाल - मातृभूमि
4. हरि ठाकुर - डॉ. खूबचंद बघेल
5. पं. माधवराव सप्रे - सम्भाषण-कुशलता

खण्ड-ख हिन्दी भाषा और उसके विविध रूप

अंक-16

1. कार्यालयीन भाषा
2. मीडिया की भाषा
3. वित्त एवं वाणिज्य की भाषा
4. मशीनी भाषा

खण्ड-ग हिन्दी की व्याकरणिक कोटियाँ

अंक-24

संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया विशेषण, समास, संधि एवं संक्षिप्तियाँ  
अनुवाद व्यवहार : अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी में अनुवाद

इकाई विभाजन-

- इकाई-1 चोरी और प्रायश्चित : महात्मा गांधी / कार्यालयीन भाषा, मीडिया की भाषा  
इकाई-2 युवकों का समाज में स्थान : आचार्य नरेन्द्र देव / वित्त एवं वाणिज्य की भाषा, मशीनी भाषा  
इकाई-3 मातृभूमि: वासुदेवशरण अग्रवाल / संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया विशेषण  
इकाई-4 डॉ. खूबचंद बघेल : हरि ठाकुर / समास, संधि  
इकाई-5 सम्भाषण-कुशलता : पं. माधवराव सप्रे, / अनुवाद - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी में अनुवाद, संक्षिप्तियाँ

मूल्यांकन योजना -

प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 15 अंक होंगे। प्रत्येक इकाई को दो-दो खण्डों (कमांक 'क' और 'ख' में) विभक्त करते हुए निर्धारित पाठ से 8 एवं पाठ्य सामग्री से 7 अंक के प्रश्न होंगे। इस प्रकार पूरे प्रश्न-पत्र के पूर्णांक 75 होंगे।

पाठ्यक्रम संशोधन का औचित्य : विद्यार्थी चर्चित एवं सुप्रसिद्ध व्यक्तियों के लेख के माध्यम से समाज एवं राष्ट्रहित के साथ-साथ व्यक्तित्व विकास विषयक मुद्दों से परिचित हो सके तथा व्याकरणिक एवं भाषा विशयक प्रस्तावित पाठ्यक्रम के माध्यम से हिन्दी भाषा संबंधित प्रयोग पक्ष से परिचित होते हुए प्रतियोगी परीक्षाओं की दृष्टि से ज्ञानार्जन कर सके।

अध्यक्ष- हिंदी अध्ययन मंडल

**B.A/B.S.c./B.Com/B.H.S.c Part-II**  
**Foundation Course**  
**PAPER - II**  
**ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

**M.M. 75**

The question paper B.A/B.S.c./B.Com/B.H.S.c English Language cultural values shall comprise the following units:

<b>UNIT-I</b>	Short answer questions to be asked by (Five short answer questions of three marks each)	
		<b>15 Marks</b>
<b>UNIT-II</b>	(a) Reading comprehension of an unseen passage	<b>05 Marks</b>
	(b) Vocabulary	
<b>UNIT-III</b>	Report-Writing	<b>10 Marks</b>
<b>UNIT-IV</b>	Expansion of an idea	<b>10 Marks</b>
<b>UNIT-V</b>	Grammar and Vocabulary based on the prescribed text book	<b>20+15 Marks</b>

**Note :** Question on all the units shall be asked from the prescribed text which will comprise specimens of popular creative/writing and the following in any

- (a) Matter & technology
  - (i) State of matter and its structure
  - (ii) Technology (Electronics Communication, Space Science)
- (b) Our Scientists & Institutions
  - (i) Life & Work of our eminent scientist Arya Bhatt. Kautilya Charak Shusruta, Nagarjuna, J.C. Bose and C.V. Raman, S. Ramanujam, Homi J. Bhabha Birbal Sahani.
  - (ii) Indian Scientific Institutions (Ancient & Modern)

**Book Prescribed:**

- I. Foundation English for U.G. Second Year - Published by M.P. Hindi Granth Academy, Bhopal.

**SULLABUS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES "FOR UNDERGRADUATE COURSES"**

1. इन्वाहरमेन्टल साइंसेस के पाठ्यक्रम को स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक की कक्षाओं में विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान के निर्देशानुसार अनिवार्य रूप से शिक्षा सत्र 2003-2004 (परीक्षा 2004) से प्रभावशील किया गया है। स्वशासी महाविद्यालयों द्वारा भी अनिवार्य रूप से अंगीकृत किया जाएगा।  
\*भाग 1, 2 एवं 3 में किसी भी वर्ष में पर्यावरण प्रश्न-पत्र उत्तीर्ण करना, अनिवार्य है। तभी उपाधि प्रदाय योग्य होगी।
2. पाठ्यक्रम 100 अंकों का होगा, जिसमें से 75 अंकर सैद्धांतिक प्रश्नों पर होंगे एवं 25 अंक क्षेत्रीय कार्य (Field Work) पर होंगे।
3. सैद्धांतिक प्रश्नों पर अंक-75 (सभी प्रश्न इकाई आधार पर रहेगे जिसमें आंतरिक विकल्प रहेगा)  
(अ) लघु प्रश्नोत्तर -25 अंक  
(ब) निबंधात्मक -50 अंक
4. Field Work - 25 अंकों का मूल्यांक आंतरिक मूल्यांकन पद्धति से कर विश्वविद्यालय को प्रेषित किया जावेगा। अभिलेखों की प्रयोगिक उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं के समान संबंधित महाविद्यालयों द्वारा सुरक्षित रखेंगे।
5. उपरोक्त पाठ्यक्रम से संबंधित परीक्षा का आयोजन वार्षिक परीक्षा के साथ किया जाएगा।
6. पर्यावरण विज्ञान विषय अनिवार्य विषय है, जिसमें अनुत्तीर्ण होने पर स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक के छात्र/छात्राओं को एक अन्य विषय के साथ पूरक की पात्रता होगी। पर्यावरण विज्ञान के सैद्धांतिक एवं फील्ड वर्क में संयुक्त रूप से 33% (तीस प्रतिशत) अंक उत्तीर्ण होने के लिए अनिवार्य होंगे।
7. स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक के समस्त नियमित/भूतपूर्व/अमहाविद्यालयीन छात्र/छात्राओं को अपना फील्ड वर्क सैद्धांतिक परीक्षा की समाप्ति के पश्चात् 10 (दस) दिनों के भीतर संबंधित महाविद्यालय/परीक्षा केन्द्र में जमा करेंगे एवं महाविद्यालय के प्राचार्य/केन्द्र अधीक्षकों/परीक्षकों की नियुक्ति के लिए अधिकृत रहेंगे तथा फील्ड वर्क जमा होने के सत्र दिनों के भीतर प्राप्त अंक विश्वविद्यालय को भेजेंगे।

**NEW CURRICULUM OF B.Sc. PART II  
CHEMISTRY**

The new curriculum will comprise of three papers of 33, 33 and 34 marks each and practical work of 50 marks. The Curriculum is to be completed in 180 working days as per UGC norms and conforming to the directives of Govt. of Chhattisgarh. The theory papers are of 60 hrs. each duration and practical work of 180 hrs duration.

**Paper – I  
INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

**UNIT-I CHEMISTRY OF TRANSITION SERIES ELEMENTS**

Transition Elements: Position in periodic table, electronic configuration, General Characteristics, viz., atomic and ionic radii, variable oxidation states, ability to form complexes, formation of coloured ions, magnetic moment  $\mu_{so}$  (spin only) and  $\mu_{eff}$  and catalytic behaviour. General comparative treatment of 4d and 5d elements with their 3d analogues with respect to ionic radii, oxidation states and magnetic properties.

**UNIT-II A. Oxidation and Reduction:**

Redox potential, electrochemical series and its applications, Principles involved in extraction of the elements.

**B. COORDINATION COMPOUNDS:**

Werner's theory and its experimental verification, IUPAC nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds. Stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers. Chelates, polynuclear complexes.

**UNIT-III COORDINATION CHEMISTRY**

Valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), electroneutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory, Crystal field splitting and stabilization energy, measurement of  $10 Dq$  ( $\Delta_o$ ), CFSE in weak and strong fields, pairing energies, factors affecting the magnitude of  $10 Dq$  ( $\Delta_o$ ,  $\Delta_t$ ). Octahedral vs. tetrahedral coordination.

**UNIT-IV A. CHEMISTRY OF LANTHANIDE ELEMENTS**

Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation, lanthanide compounds.

**B. CHEMISTRY OF ACTINIDES**

General features and chemistry of actinides, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from uranium, similarities between the later actinides and the later lanthanides

**UNIT-V A. ACIDS BASES:**

Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry, conjugate acids and bases, relative strengths of acids and bases, the Lux-flood, solvent system and Lewis concepts of acids and bases.

**B. NON-AQUEOUS SOLVENTS**

Physical properties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reactions in non-aqueous solvents with reference to liquid ammonia and liquid sulphur dioxide, HF, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Ionic liquids.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P. L. Gaus, Wiley
2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J. D. Lee, ELBS
3. Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. Mc Daniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.
4. Inorganic Chemistry, D. E. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C. H. Langford, Oxford.
5. Inorganic Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield, Addison – Wiley.

6. Inorganic Chemistry, A. G. Sharp, ELBS.
7. Inorganic Chemistry, G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
8. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Satya Prakash.
9. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Agarwal and Agarwal
10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Puri, Sharma, S. Naginchand
11. Inorganic Chemistry, Madan, S. Chand
12. Aadhunik Akarbanic Rasayan, A. K. Shrivastav & P. C. Jain, Goel Pub
13. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, satya Prakash & G. D. Tuli, Shyamal Prakashan
14. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma
15. Selected topic in Inorganic Chemistry by Madan Malik & Tuli, S. Chand.

**Paper – II**  
**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- UNIT-I CHEMISTRY OF ORGANIC HALIDES**  
Alkyl halides: Methods of preparation, nucleophilic substitution reactions –  $S_N1$ ,  $S_N2$  and  $S_Ni$  mechanisms with stereochemical aspects and effect of solvent etc.; nucleophilic substitution, elimination reactions.  
Aryl halides: Preparation, including preparation from diazonium salts, Nucleophilic Aromatic Substitution;  $S_NAr$ , Benzyne mechanism. Relative reactivity of alkyl, allyl/benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides towards nucleophilic substitution reactions.
- UNIT-II ALCOHOLS**  
A. Alcohols: Nomenclature, preparation, properties and relative reactivity of 1°, 2°, 3° alcohols, Bouvaelt-Blanc Reduction for the preparation of alcohols, Dihydric alcohols – methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [ $Pb(OAc)_4$  and  $HIO_4$ ] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement.  
B. Trihydric alcohols - Nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of glycerol.  
**PHENOLS**  
A. Structure and bonding in phenols, physical properties and acidic character, Comparative acidic strength of alcohols and phenols, acylation and carboxylation.  
B. Mechanism of Fries rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement, Gatterman synthesis, Hauben-Hoesh reaction, Lederer-Manasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction.
- UNIT-III ALDEHYDES AND KETONES**  
A. Nomenclature, structure and reactivity of carbonyl group. General methods of preparation of aldehydes and ketones.  
Mechanism of nucleophilic addition to carbonyl groups: Benzoin, Aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensation. Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives, Wittig reaction, Mannich reaction, Beckmann and Benzil- Benzilic rearrangement.  
B. Use of acetate as protecting group, Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction, MPV, Clemmensen reduction, Wolf-Kishner reaction,  $LiAlH_4$  and  $NaBH_4$  reduction. Halogenation of enolizable ketones, An introduction to  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated aldehydes and ketones.
- UNIT-IV A. CARBOXYLIC ACIDS**  
Preparation, Structure and bonding, Physical and chemical properties including, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength, Hell-Volhard Zeilinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic groups, Mechanism of decarboxylation.  
Di carboxylic acids: Methods of formation and effect of heat and dehydrating agents, Hydroxyacids.  
**B. CARBOXYLIC ACID DERIVATIVES**  
Structure of acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides, Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, inter-conversion of acid derivatives by nucleophilic acyl substitution.  
Mechanism of acid and base catalyzed esterification and hydrolysis.
- UNIT-V ORGANIC COMPOUNDS OF NITROGEN**  
A. Preparation of nitroalkanes and nitroarenes. Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes and their reduction in acidic, neutral and alkaline medium.  
B. Reactivity, structure and nomenclature of amines, physical properties. Stereochemistry of amines. Separation of mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features affecting basicity of amines. Preparation of alkyl and aryl

amines (reduction of nitro compounds and nitriles), reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Gabriel-Phthalimide reaction, Hofmann-Bromamide reaction, Reactions of amines, electrophilic aromatic substitution of aryl amines, Reaction of amines with nitrous acid. Synthetic transformations of aryl diazonium salts, Azo coupling.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
2. Organic Chemistry, L. G. Wade Jr. Prentice Hall.
3. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley.
4. Organic Chemistry, Vol I, II, III S. M. Mukherjee, S. P. Singh and R. P. Kapoor, Wiley Eastern (New Age).
5. Organic Chemistry, F. A. Carey, McGraw Hill.
6. Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Struiveisser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmillan.
7. Organic Chemistry, P. L. Soni.
8. Organic Chemistry, Bahl and Bahl.
9. Organic Chemistry, Joginder Singh.
10. Carbanic Rasayan, Bahl and Bahl.
11. Carbanic Rasayan, R. N. Singh, S. M. I. Gupta, M. M. Bakidia & S. K. Wadhwa.
12. Carbanic Rasayan, Joginder Singh.



**Paper – III**  
**PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY**

- UNIT-I**
- A. THERMODYNAMICS-I**  
Intensive and extensive variables; state and path functions; isolated, closed and open systems; Zeroth law of thermodynamics. First law: Concept of heat, work, internal energy and statement of first law; enthalpy, Relation between heat capacities, calculations of  $q$ ,  $w$ ,  $U$  and  $H$  for reversible, irreversible and free expansion of gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions. Joule-Thompson expansion, inversion temperature of gases, expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic condition
- B. THERMO CHEMISTRY**  
Thermochemistry, Laws of Thermochemistry, Heats of reactions, standard states; enthalpy of formation of molecules and ions and enthalpy of combustion and its applications; calculation of bond energy, bond dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data, effect of temperature (Kirchhoff's equations) and pressure on enthalpy of reactions, Adiabatic flame temperature, explosion temperature.
- UNIT-II**
- A. THERMODYNAMICS-II**  
Second Law of Thermodynamics: Spontaneous process, Second law, Statement of Carnot cycle and efficiency of heat engine, Carnot's theorem, thermodynamic state of temperature.  
Concept of entropy: Entropy change in a reversible and irreversible process, entropy change in isothermal reversible expansion of an ideal gas, entropy change in isothermal mixing of ideal gases, physical signification of entropy, Molecular and statistical interpretation of entropy.
- B. Gibbs and Helmholtz free energy, variation of  $G$  and  $A$  with pressure, volume, temperature, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, Maxwell relations, Elementary idea of Third law of Thermodynamics, concept of residual entropy, calculation of absolute entropy of molecule.**
- UNIT III**
- A CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM**  
Criteria of thermodynamic equilibrium, degree of advancement of reaction, chemical equilibria in ideal gases. Concept of Fugacity, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between Gibbs free energy of reaction and reaction quotient. Coupling of exergonic and endergonic reactions. Equilibrium constants and their quantitative dependence on temperature, pressure and concentration. Thermodynamic derivation of relations between the various equilibrium constants  $K_p$ ,  $K_c$  and  $K_x$ . Le Chatelier principle (quantitative treatment). Equilibrium between ideal gas and a pure condensed phase.
- B IONIC EQUILIBRIA**  
Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono protic acids (exact treatment). Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions; derivation of Henderson equation and its applications. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts – applications of solubility product principle.
- UNIT-IV**
- A. PHASE EQUILIBRIUM**  
Phase rule, Phase, component and degree of freedom, derivation of Gibbs phase rule, Clausius-Claperon equation and its applications to Solid-Liquid, Liquid-Vapor and solid-Vapor, limitation of phase rule, applications of phase rule to one component system: Water system and sulphur system.

Application of phase rule to two component system: Pb-Ag system, desilverization of lead, Zn-Mg system Ferric chloride-water system, congruent and incongruent, melting point and eutectic point.

Three component system: Solid solution liquid pairs.

B. Nernst distribution law, Henry's law, application, solvent extraction

#### **UNIT V PHOTOCHEMISTRY**

Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes, Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, physical significance of absorption coefficients. Laws of photochemistry: Grothus-Drapper law, Stark-Einstein law, quantum yield, actinometry, examples of low and high quantum yields, Photochemical equilibrium and the differential rate of photochemical reactions, Quenching, Role of photochemical reaction in biochemical process.

Jablonski diagram depicting various process occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), photosensitized reactions, energy transfer processes (simple examples), photostationary states, Chemiluminescence.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Physical Chemistry, G. M. Barrow, International student edition, McGraw Hill.
2. University General Chemistry, C. N. R. Rao, Macmillan.
3. Physical Chemistry, R. A. Alberty, Wiley Eastern.
4. The elements of physical chemistry, Wiley Eastern.
5. Physical Chemistry through problems, S. K. Dogra & S. Dogra, Wiley Eastern.
6. Physical Chemistry, B. D. Khosla,.
7. Physical Chemistry, Puri & Sharma.
8. Bhautik Rasayan, Puri, Sharma and Pathania, Vishal Publishing Company.
9. Bhautik Rasayan, P. L. Soni.
10. Bhautik Rasayan, Bahl and Tuli.
11. Physical Chemistry, R. L. Kapoor, Vol I-IV .
12. Chemical kinetics, K. J. Laidler, Pearson Educations, New Delhi (2004).

## LABORATORY COURSE

### INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Qualitative semi micro analysis of mixtures containing 5 radicals. Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. The following radicals are suggested:

$\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{NO}_2^-$ ,  $\text{S}^{2-}$ ,  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$ ,  $\text{F}^-$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Br}^-$ ,  $\text{I}^-$ ,  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{BO}_3^{3-}$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$ ,  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Bi}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Sn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Sb}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Al}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Cr}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Sr}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ .

Mixtures should preferably contain one interfering anion, or insoluble component ( $\text{BaSO}_4$ ,  $\text{SrSO}_4$ ,  $\text{PbSO}_4$ ,  $\text{CaF}_2$  or  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) or combination of anions e.g.  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  and  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{NO}_2^-$  and  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Br}^-$ , and  $\text{I}^-$ .

#### Volumetric analysis

- Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar using NaOH.
- Determination of alkali content-antacid tablet using HCl.
- Estimation of calcium content in chalk as calcium oxalate by permanganometry.
- Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA.
- Estimation of ferrous & ferric by dichromate method.
- Estimation of copper using thiosulphate.
  - Principles involved in chromatographic separations. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions: i. Ni (II) and Co (II) ii. Fe (III) and Al (III)

### ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

- Detection of elements (X, N, S).
- Qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds containing simple functional groups (alcohols, carboxylic acids, phenols, nitro, amine, amide, and carbonyl compounds, carbohydrates)
- Preparation of Organic Compounds:
  - m-dinitrobenzene, (ii) Acetanilide, (iii) Bromo/Nitro-acetanilide, (iv) Oxidation of primary alcohols-Benzoic acid from benzylalcohol, (v) azo dye.

### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

#### Transition Temperature

- Determination of the transition temperature of the given substance by thermometric/dilatometric method (e.g.  $\text{MnCl}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ / $\text{SrBr}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ). Thermo chemistry
- Determination of heat capacity of a calorimeter for different volumes using change of enthalpy data of a known system (method of back calculation of heat capacity of calorimeter from known enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of neutralization).
- Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
- To determine the solubility of benzoic acid at different temperature and to determine  $\Delta H$  of the dissolution process.
- To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak acid/ weak base versus strong base/ strong acid and determine the enthalpy of ionization of the weak acid/ weak base.
- To determine the enthalpy of solution of solid calcium chloride and calculate the lattice energy of calcium chloride from its enthalpy data using Born Haber cycle.

#### Phase Equilibrium

- To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, Succinic acid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenol-water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol-water system.
- To construct the phase diagram of two component system (e.g. diphenylamine-benzophenone) by cooling curve method.
- Distribution of acetic/ benzoic acid between water and cyclohexane.
- Study the equilibrium of at least one of the following reactions by the distribution method:

~~Paper-IV~~  
**LABORATORY COURSE**

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

Qualitative semi micro analysis of mixtures containing 5 radicals. Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. The following radicals are suggested:

$\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{NO}_2^-$ ,  $\text{S}^{2-}$ ,  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$ ,  $\text{F}^-$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Br}^-$ ,  $\text{I}^-$ ,  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{BO}_3^{3-}$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$ ,  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Bi}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Sn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Sb}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Al}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Cr}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Sr}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ .

Mixtures should preferably contain one interfering anion, or insoluble component ( $\text{BaSO}_4$ ,  $\text{SrSO}_4$ ,  $\text{PbSO}_4$ ,  $\text{CaF}_2$  or  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) or combination of anions e.g.  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  and  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{NO}_2^-$  and  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Br}^-$ , and  $\text{I}^-$ .

**Volumetric analysis**

- (a) Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar using NaOH.
- (b) Determination of alkali content-antacid tablet using HCl.
- (c) Estimation of calcium content in chalk as calcium oxalate by permanganometry.
- (d) Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA.
- (e) Estimation of ferrous & ferric by dichromate method.
- (f) Estimation of copper using thiosulphate.
  - Principles involved in chromatographic separations. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions: i. Ni (II) and Co (II) ii. Fe (III) and Al (III)

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- Detection of elements (X, N, S).
- Qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds containing simple functional groups (alcohols, carboxylic acids, phenols, nitro, amine, amide, and carbonyl compounds, carbohydrates)
- Preparation of Organic Compounds:
  - (i) m-dinitrobenzene, (ii) Acetanilide, (iii) Bromo/Nitro-acetanilide, (iv) Oxidation of primary alcohols-Benzoic acid from benzylalcohol, (v) azo dye.

**PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY**

**Transition Temperature**

- Determination of the transition temperature of the given substance by thermometric/dilatometric method (e.g.  $\text{MnCl}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{SrBr}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ). Thermo chemistry
- Determination of heat capacity of a calorimeter for different volumes using change of enthalpy data of a known system (method of back calculation of heat capacity of calorimeter from known enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of neutralization).
- Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
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- To determine the enthalpy of solution of solid calcium chloride and calculate the lattice energy of calcium chloride from its enthalpy data using Born Haber cycle.

**Phase Equilibrium**

- To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, Succinic acid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenol-water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol-water system.
- To construct the phase diagram of two component system (e.g. diphenylamine-benzophenone) by cooling curve method.
- Distribution of acetic/ benzoic acid between water and cyclohexane.



**B.Sc. Part-II**  
**BOTANY**  
**PAPER-I**  
**PLANT TAXONOMY, ECONOMIC BOTANY, PLANT ANATOMY AND EMBRYOLOGY**

- UNIT-I** Bentham and Hooker system of classification. Binomial Nomenclature, International Code of Nomenclature for Algae, Fungi, and plants (IUCN), Typification, numerical Taxonomy and chemotaxonomy. Preservation of Plant material and Herbarium techniques. Important botanical gardens and herbaria of India, Kew Botanical garden, England.
- UNIT-II** Systematic position, distinguishing characters and economic importance of the following families, Ranunculaceae, Magnoliaceae, Brassicaceae, Rosaceae, Papaveraceae, Caryophyllaceae, Rutaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Apiaceae, Rubiaceae, Apocynaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Solanaceae, Malvaceae, Convolvulaceae, Orchidaceae, Acanthaceae, verbenaceae, Lamiaceae, Asteraceae, Fabaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Poaceae and Liliaceae.
- UNIT-III** Economic Botany: Botanical name, family, part used and uses of the following economically important plants, fiber yielding plants; Cotton, jute, sun, hemp, coir. Timber yielding plants: Sal, Teak, Shisham and Pine. Medicinal plants: Kalmegh, Ashwagandha, Ghrirkumari, Giloy, Brahmi, sarpgandha, ---of medicinal plants of C.G. Food plants: Pearl millet, Buck of wheat, Sorghum, Soyabean, gram, Ground nut, Sugarcane and Potato. Fruit plants: Pear, Peach, Litchi. Spices: Cinnamon, Turmeric, Ginger, Asafoetida and Cumin. Beverages : Tea, Coffee Rubber Cultivation of important flowers: Chrysanthemum, Dahelia, Biodiesel plants Jatropa, Pongamia Ethnobotany in context of Chhattisgarh.
- UNIT-IV** Plant Anatomy: Root and shoot apical meristems theories of root and shoot apex organization, permanent tissues, anatomy of root, stem and leaf of dicot and monocot, secondary growth in root and stem, Anatomical anomalies in the primary structure of stems (Nyctanthes, Boerhaavia, Casuarina), Anamolous secondary growth in Dracaena, Bignonia, Laptadenia.
- UNIT-V** Embryology: Flower as a reproductive organ, anther, microsporogenesis, types of ovules, megasporogenesis, development of male and female gametophyte, pollination, mechanisms, self-incompatibility, fertilization, endosperm, embryo, polyembryony, apomixes and parthenocarpy.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Singh, Pandey, Jain. **Diversity and Systematic of Seed Plants**, Rastogi Publications Merrut
2. Sharma OP, **Plant Taxonomy**, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
3. Pandey BP, **Taxonomy of Angiosperms**, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi
4. Pandey, BP, **Plant Anatomy**, S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi
5. Pandey, BP, **Economic Botany**, S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi
6. Bhojwani, SS and Bhatnagar SP, **Embryology of Angiosperm**, Vikas Publication House, New Delhi
7. Singh, Pandey, Jain, **Embryology of Angiosperms**, Rastogi Publication, Meerut
8. Sharma, V, Alum, A. **Ethnobotany**, Rastogi Publications, Meerut
9. Tayal, MS **Plant Anatomy**, Rastogi Publication, Meerut

**Syllabus B.Sc. Part-II Botany Bastar University, Jagdalpur (C.G.)**

**B.Sc. Part-II**  
**BOTANY**  
**PAPER-II**  
**ECOLOGY AND PLANT PHYSIOLOGY**

- UNIT-I** Introduction and scope of ecology, environmental and ecological factors, Soil formation and soil profile, Liebig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance, morphological and anatomical adaptations in hydrophytes, xerophytes and epiphytes.
- UNIT-II** Population and community characteristics, Raunkiaer's life forms, population interactions (e.g. Symbiosis, Amensalism etc.), succession, ecotone and edge effect, ecological niches, ecotypes, ecads, keystone species
- Concept of ecosystem, trophic levels, flow of energy in ecosystem, food chain and food web, concept of ecological pyramids
- Biogeochemical cycles: carbon cycle, nitrogen cycle and phosphorus cycle
- UNIT-III** Plant water relations: Diffusion, permeability, osmosis, imbibitions, plasmolysis, osmotic potential and water potential, Types of soil water, water holding capacity, wilting, Absorption of water, theories of Ascent of sap, Mineral nutrition and absorption, Deficiency symptoms, Transpiration, stomata movement, significance of transpiration, Factors affecting transpiration, guttation.
- UNIT-IV** Photosynthesis: Photosynthetic apparatus and pigments, light reaction mechanism of ATP synthesis. C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub> CAM pathway of carbon reduction, photorespiration, factors affecting photosynthesis.
- Respiration: Aerobic and anaerobic respiration, Glycolysis, Krebs's cycle, factors affecting respiration, R.Q.
- UNIT-V** Plant growth hormones: Auxin, Gibberellins, Cytokinin, Ethylene and Abscisic acid. Physiology of flowering, Florien concept, Photoperiodism and Vernalization. Seed dormancy and germination, plant movement.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Koromondy, EJ. **Concepts of Ecology**, Prentice Hall, USA
2. Singh, JS Singh SP and Gupta SR. **Ecology and Environmental Science and Conservation**, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi
3. Sharma, PD. **Ecology and Environment**, Rastogi Publications, Meerut
4. Hopkins, WG and Huner, PA. **Introduction to Plant Physiology**, John Wiley and Sons.
5. Pandey SN and Sinha BK, **Plant Physiology**, Vikas Publishing, New Delhi
6. Taiz, Land Zeiger. E. **Plant Physiology**, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Sinauer Associates Inc. M.A, USA
7. Srivastava, HS **Plant Physiology and Biotechnology**, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

**B.Sc. Part-II  
BOTANY  
PRACTICAL**

1. Taxonomy: Detailed description and identification of locally available plants of the families as prescribed in the theory paper.
2. Economic Botany: Identification and comment on the plants and plant products belonging to different economic use categories
3. Preparation of Herbarium of local wild plants.
4. Quantitative vegetation analysis of a grassland ecosystem.
5. Anatomical characteristics of hydrophytes and xerophytes.
6. Demonstration of root pressure.
7. Demonstration of transpiration.
8. Demonstration of evolution of O<sub>2</sub> in photosynthesis, factors affecting of photosynthesis.
9. Comparison of R.Q. of different respiratory substrates.
10. Demonstration of fermentation.
11. Determination of BOD of a water body.
12. Demonstration of mitosis.

**PRACTICAL SCHEME**

**TIME: 4 Hrs.**

**M.M.: 50**

1. Anatomy	08
2. Economic Botany	04
3. Physiology	08
4. Ecology	10
5. Spotting	10
6. Viva-Voce	05
7. Project Work/ Field Study	10

**Syllabus B.Sc. Part-II Botany Bastar University, Jagdalpur (C.G.)**



**B.Sc. Part-II  
ZOOLOGY  
PAPER-I  
ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY**

Comparative Anatomy of various organ systems of vertebrates:

**UNIT-I**

1. Integument and its derivatives: structure of scales, hair and feathers
2. Alimentary canal and digestive glands in vertebrates
3. Respiratory organs : Gills and lung , air-sac in birds

**UNIT-II**

1. Endoskeleton: (a) Axial Skeleton- Skull and Vertebrae, (b) Appendicular Skeleton Limbs and girdles
2. Circulatory System: Evolution of heart and aortic arches
3. Primogenital System: Kidney and excretory ducts

**UNIT-III**

1. Nervous System: General plan of brain and spinal cord
2. Ear and Eye: structure and function
3. Gonads and genital ducts

**UNIT-IV**

1. Digestion and absorption of dietary components
2. Physiology of heart, cardiac cycle and ECG
3. Blood Coagulation
4. Respiration: mechanism and control of breathing

**UNIT- V**

1. Excretion: Physiology of excretion, osmoregulation
2. Physiology of muscle contraction
3. Physiology of nerve impulse, Synaptic transmission

**Syllabus B.Sc. Part-II Zoology Bastar University, Jagdalpur (C.G.)**

**B.Sc. Part-II**  
**ZOOLOGY**  
**PAPER-II**  
**VERTEBRATE ENDOCRINOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY BEHAVIOUR,**  
**EVOLUTION AND APPLIED ZOOLOGY**

**UNIT-I**

1. Structure and function of Endocrine glands
2. Hormone receptor
3. Biosynthesis and secretion of thyroid, adrenal, ovarian and testicular hormones
4. Endocrine disorder of pituitary, thyroid, adrenal and pancreas

**UNIT-II**

1. Reproductive cycle in vertebrates
2. Menstruation, lactation and pregnancy
3. Mechanism of parturition
4. Hormonal regulation of gametogenesis

**UNIT -III**

1. Evidences of organic evolution.
2. Theories of organic evolution.
3. Variation, Mutation, Isolation and Natural selection.
4. Evolution of Horse

**UNIT-IV**

1. Introduction to Ethology: Branches and concept of ethology.
2. Patterns of Behaviour, Taxes, Reflexes, Drives and Stereotyped behaviour.
3. Reproductive behavioural patterns.
4. Drugs and behavior, Hormones and behaviour

**UNIT-V**

1. Prawn Culture
2. Sericulture
3. Apiculture
4. Pisciculture
5. Poultry keeping
6. Elements of Pest Control: Chemical & Biological Control

**B.Sc. Part-II  
ZOOLOGY  
PRACTICAL**

The practical work in general shall be based on the syllabus prescribed and the students will be required to show the knowledge of the following:

- Study of the representative examples of the different chordates (Classified characters).
- Dissection of various systems of scoliodon-Afferent and Efferent bronchial cranial nerves, internal ear.

**Alternative methods: By Clay/Thermacol/ Drawing/ Model etc.)**

- Simple microscopic technique through unstained or stained permanent mount.
- Study of prepared slides histological, as per theory papers.
- Study of limb girdles and vertebrae of Frog, Varanus, Fowl and Rabbit.
- Identification of species and individual of honey bee.
- Life cycle of honey bee and silkworm.
- Exercise based on Evolution and Animal behavior.

**Scheme of Practical Exam**

**Time: 3:30hrs**

• Major dissection (Cranial nerves/efferent branchial vessel)	10
• Exercise based on evolution	05
• Exercise based on applied zoology	05
• Exercise based on animal behavior	04
• Spotting-8 (slides-4,bones-2,specimen-2)	16
• Viva	05
• Sessional marks.	05

**Syllabus B.Sc. Part-II Zoology Bastar University, Jagdalpur (C.G.)**